

Relationships and Health Education Policy

Name of School	Petersgate Infant School	
Date of review	September 2023	
Date of next review	September 2026	
Reviewed by	Wendy Mitchell	
	Headteacher	

School Vision

"for all children to grow into responsible, caring individuals who actively and positively contribute to the community."

At Petersgate Infant School, our vision outlined above is strengthened by our values of safety, caring, achievement, resilience and friendship. These values symbolise warmth, community and cohesion to ensure we are "working together to achieve our best".

As a school, we can apply these values through the following aims:

<u>Aims</u>

- Ensuring everyone stays healthy and safe.
- Ensuring everyone feels valued and has a sense of belonging.
- Providing a high quality learning environment.
- Helping everyone enjoy learning and achieving their best.
- Nurturing and developing the whole child.
- Ensuring everyone makes a positive contribution to the school and wider community.

Safeguarding at Petersgate Infant School is carried out in line with the statutory guidance in 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' published by the Department for Education.

1- Introduction

At Petersgate Infant School, we believe that children should have opportunities to develop their self-esteem, with the ability to form and maintain healthy relationships and make informed decisions about a range of moral and social issues, both in the community and online.

It is now a statutory requirement for primary schools to deliver Relationships Education. Health education is also statutory in schools. As an infant school, we will be focusing on Relationships Education with a focus on friendship, bullying and the building of self-esteem. Health Education will cover topics such as the benefits of keeping fit and eating a healthy, balanced diet.

2- How this Policy was developed

This policy has been created in light of the statutory guidance for Sex and Relationships Education (DfE, 2021), by the PSHE co-ordinator and Senior Leadership Team, including the deputy head teacher and head teacher. This policy has been developed in consultation with parents, teachers and other school staff, including governors, at Petersgate Infant School. We have listened and responded to all views to help strengthen the policy, ensuring that is meets the needs of all of our pupils. It will be approved by the school's governing body.

This policy will be reviewed every three years, unless appropriate guidance necessitates change.

3- What is Relationships Education?

Our Relationships Education provides a framework through which key skills, attributes and knowledge can be developed and applied. This promotes positive behaviour, good mental health and wellbeing, resilience and achievement, helping children to stay safe online, develop healthy and safe relationships, and having the skills and attributes to negotiate and assert themselves now and in the future.

The school's Relationships and Health Education (RHE) provision supports the school's aims of developing confident citizens and successful learners who are creative, resourceful and able to identify and solve problems. The social and emotional development of pupils is embedded throughout the entire school's curriculum and culture. The school has a powerful combination of a planned thematic RHE program, built around a spiral curriculum of recurring themes, designed to:

- 1. Give pupils the knowledge and develop the self-esteem, confidence and self-awareness to make informed choices and decisions;
- 2. Encourage and support the development of social skills and social awareness;
- 3. Enable pupils to make sense of their own personal and social experiences;

- 4. Promote responsible attitudes towards the maintenance of good physical and mental health, supported by a safe and healthy lifestyle;
- 5. Enable effective interpersonal relationships and develop a caring attitude towards others;
- 6. Encourage a caring attitude towards and responsibility for the environment;
- 7. Help our pupils understand and manage their feelings, build resilience and be independent, curious problem solvers;
- 8. Understand how society works and the laws, rights and responsibilities involved.

Our Relationships and Health Education also heavily supports the safeguarding of our children, which you can read more about in our Safeguarding Policy. It is essential that children understand what safe relationships look and feel like, in order to keep themselves safe and report any concerns they may have.

3.1- Our Aims

By the time our children leave Petersgate Infant School, we aim for them to recognise characteristics of positive and healthy relationships, and learn how to identify if these relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice if needed. This includes family life, friendships and other relationships that occur online. They will also understand the importance of respecting others, regardless of their differences.

4- How RHE is provided

At Petersgate Infant School we use SCARF, a comprehensive scheme of work for Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) Education and RHE education. An overview of SCARF can be found in our appendices. It covers all of the DFE's new statutory requirements for Relationships Education and Health Education, as well as contributing to different subject areas in the National Curriculum.

Each year group has six half termly units that form a spiral curriculum, which build on knowledge and skills taught the previous year. We follow the six suggested half termly units and adapt the scheme of work where necessary to meet the local circumstances for our school. Our PSHE co-ordinator works in conjunction with teaching staff to ensure that all staff are equipped with the knowledge, skills and resources to deliver RHE content confidently. Teachers can access a range of teaching support resources within SCARF, including guidance documents and teacher training clips.

Class teachers follow the suggested six half termly units provided by SCARF for each year as a weekly PSHE lesson. This is an explicitly taught session, which is also complemented by our values assemblies and promoting the SCARF values throughout the school day. The lesson plans list the specific learning objectives for each session and provide support for how to teach the lessons. However, we are also responsive to the needs of the children as well as key issues in year groups that may arise and therefore may plan in extra opportunities to teach key subject knowledge or skills if necessary.

We have chosen SCARF as our PSHE and RHE resource due to its spiral curriculum, allowing children to build upon their prior learning. We have assessed the content and feel that it is

relevant and sensitive to the needs of the children. There is planned progression across the scheme of work, so that children are increasingly and appropriately challenged as they move up the school. Key vocabulary has also been identified for each year group, which is then taught in our weekly PSHE lessons.

4.1- Resources

Within these half termly units of work will also be a range of resources for teachers and Learning Support Assistants (LSAs) to use within their teaching. These vary according to the topic, and may include stories, short videos and worksheets. These have been selected as high quality resources to support and scaffold children in their learning, as well as to create a safe learning environment. Coram Life Education also provide us with a visit from the Life Education Bus in the summer term. This is where children have the opportunity to visit the bus and meet Harold the giraffe, Coram Life Education's mascot, and take part in PSHE learning in a different environment. If parents wish to view some of our RHE resources, please make an appointment with your child's class teacher.

4.2- Groupings

Relationships Education, along with all other PSHE learning, will be taught in class groupings but may have activities to complete independently or within small groups. For the majority of the year, this will occur on a weekly basis, and teaching will be delivered either by the class teacher or an LSA. Therefore, the members of staff within each class hold a responsibility to follow the planning and deliver Relationships Education.

In Early Years, Relationships Education will primarily take place during planned circle time sessions held by the teacher or LSA (if working in Key Worker groups). Key worker groups allow Early Years children to develop a close relationship with one adult in the classroom, and may therefore encourage them to share any concerns or worries.

4.3- Subject Content

In the Early Years Foundation Stage, RHE education is about making connects; it is strongly linked to child-led activities, including play. PSHE and RHE is taught through activities that are part of topics, as well as on an individual basis to develop personal skills.

The SCARF programme divides the year into six themed units:

- 1. Me and My Relationships: includes content on feelings, emotions, conflict resolution and friendships;
- 2. Valuing Difference: a focus on respectful relationships and British values;
- 3. Keeping Myself Safe: looking at keeping ourselves healthy and safe
- 4. Rights and Responsibilities: learning about money, living in the wider world and the environment;
- 5. Being My Best: developing skills in keeping healthy, developing a growth mindset (resilience), goal-setting and achievement;
- 6. Growing and Changing: finding out about the human body, the changes that take place from birth to old age and being safe.

The subject content for all children is set out below:

	Unit Taught		
Autumn 1	Me and My Relationships		
Autumn 2	Valuing Difference		
Spring 1	Keeping Myself Safe		
Spring 2	Rights and Responsibilities		
Summer 1	Being my Best		
Summer 2	ner 2 Growing and Changing		

Within the National Curriculum for Science in Year 2, the children learn that animals, including humans, have offspring that grow into adults. They should be introduced to the concepts of reproduction and growth, but not how reproduction occurs.

4.4- Creating a Safe Learning Environment

A safe learning environment is essential when teaching Relationships Education, and we will ensure that our children feel secure and comfortable during their learning. Children may feel embarrassed or nervous when talking about a new subject. Listed below are some ways that staff may use to help create a safe learning environment:

- Ice breaker activities
- A reminder of our SCARF values (Safety, Caring, Achievement, Resilience, Friendship)
- Developing a group agreement, or 'golden rules' with the children e.g. no personal questions will be asked or that there is no such thing as a silly question, being respectful to each other
- Using correct terminology this ensures all pupils will know what is being discussed in the lesson, and can help staff to safeguard children consistently
- Distancing techniques using stories that focus on a fictional character allow children to feel safe to explore what they may be going through. It helps children explore different issues such as making and losing friends, bullying and growing up without children having to identify themselves as someone having these worries or concerns.
- Being honest with difficult questions sometimes, children will ask questions that may be difficult to answer. If it is a factual question that staff do not know the answer to, staff should thank the child for their question and be honest. They will then find the answer to the question, and respond in the next session or at an appropriate time. If it is a question that staff feel is best answered 1:1, perhaps because it is not directly relevant to the lesson or that it is a question that is expected from an older child, staff will try to offer some information that is age appropriate and offer to talk to them again after the lesson. This will give staff a better idea of where the question might be coming from and explore any concerns that staff may have.
- To safeguard the children, RHE is primarily taught by the class teacher. If anything of concern is raised, this is reported in line with our Safeguarding and Child Protection policies.

Support is provided to children experiencing difficulties on a one-to-one basis if needed.

5- Monitoring and Evaluating

Monitoring, Evaluation and Assessment of the Relationships Education programme is important as it enables schools to:

- Understand children's stage of development and needs
- Deliver relevant and engaging lessons
- Reflect on and analyse the impact and effectiveness of Relationships Education in the classroom and across the school

The monitoring of the standards of children's work and the quality of RHE education is the responsibility of the PSHE subject lead. The work of the subject lead also involves supporting colleagues in the teaching of RHE education and being informed about current developments in the subject.

5.1- Early Years Foundation Stage

As with all Early Years practice, the focus for Relationships Education assessment is through teacher observation. Opportunities for assessment can be found in the planned Continuous Provision enhancements and throughout other activities such as circle time.

5.2- Key Stage 1

A range of assessment methods are used in Years 1 and 2 to ensure progress and that the programme is meeting the needs of the children. These may include the use of Seesaw to record children's discussions and thoughts, children's conferencing, anecdotal evidence that can be used on displays, and draw and write activities that are carried out before and after a unit of work.

A post unit assessment is available for each unit of work completed by the children. These could include children recording their reflections in a journal or on a poster. For each unit of work there is also an opportunity for members of staff to make note of any misconceptions to be revisited, as well as any comments that cause concern.

It is important that staff reflect on the effectiveness of their planning and teaching of Relationships Education, and use the information from assessment to adapt their future teaching or provision.

6- Making Learning Accessible

At Petersgate Infant School, we strive to ensure that all our teaching and learning is inclusive of all pupils. Our planning, teaching, resourcing and assessment of Relationships Education takes all genders, ethnicities, cultures, backgrounds, sexual orientation and Special Educational Needs (SEND) into consideration. Schools must comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010, under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics. Our children will receive a Relationships Education, which is relevant and relatable to themselves and their lives.

SCARF lesson plans are flexible and allow for teachers to adapt the content in order to meet the needs of the children in their class.

6.1- Gender

By teaching in our class groupings, children will be part of Relationships Education discussions and learn concepts that apply to all genders.

6.2- Ethnic, Religious and Cultural Diversity

Our Relationships Education programme recognises the need for our children to be aware of different cultures and ethnicities. We introduce our children to cultural diversity, through our teaching and the resources that we use. We also believe that it is important for our children to understand that different cultures may hold different beliefs, and that we are respectful of these beliefs regardless of whether or not they are different to our own.

We also welcome parents and carers to speak to us about their needs, where we can take account of their views.

6.3- Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender and Queer (LGBTQ+)

We will ensure that our Relationships Education provision will meet the needs of all children appropriately, and that all children understand the importance of equality and respect. LGBTQ+ content is not taught explicitly at this stage, however different family types, including those that consist of LGBTQ+ parents and carers, are discussed and may be present in resources used by staff.

6.4- Varying home backgrounds

Our programme and units of work recognise that our pupils come from a variety of family situations and home backgrounds, and these are acknowledged in our teaching and resources used.

6.5- Special Educational Needs

High quality teaching will be personalised for those children with SEND to ensure accessibility. All children will start their Relationships Education learning at an appropriate starting point, with appropriate assessment.

We are also aware that some pupils are more vulnerable to exploitation, bullying and other issues due to the nature of their SEND. Therefore, subjects such as Social, Emotional and Mental Health can be particularly important for some children.

Our planning and teaching is adapted when necessary through differentiated resources and varying levels of support, for those children who may have; alternative methods of communication, and those with profound learning difficulties. Support may include the use of visual aids and symbols, which may be used to access at least the most basic content from our programme, such as self-awareness, gender awareness, body recognition and privacy.

7- Dealing with Questions

Difficult or intimate questions may arise as a result of teaching Relationships Education. Therefore, it is important that staff feel equipped to handle and deal with sensitive questions and recognise that there may be a legal requirement to answer a child's question factually and impartially.

If it is a factual question that staff do not know the answer to, or do not know how to respond, staff should thank the child for their question and be honest that at present, they are not sure how to answer. Staff will then use guidance documents or seek support from the PSHE coordinator in how to respond, before answering the question in the next session or at another appropriate time.

If it is a question that staff feel is best answered 1:1, perhaps because it is not directly relevant to the lesson or that it is a question that is expected from an older child, staff will try to offer some information that is age appropriate and offer to talk to them again after the lesson. This will give staff a better idea of where the question might be coming from and explore any concerns that staff may have.

Staff cannot offer or guarantee pupils unconditional confidentiality. This should be understood by all staff and children, and can be embedded into a group agreement. Staff should follow the school procedures as set out in the Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy.

8- Withdrawing Children

From September 2020, it is a statutory requirement that primary schools address relationships in their Relationships Education. Therefore, parents will not have the right to withdraw children from the statutory Health & Relationship Education lessons. Part of Relationships Education is to ensure that children know the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe contact (DfE, 2021) and therefore, children will be taught and encouraged to use the correct anatomical names for body parts, including their genitalia. The PSHE Association outlines that children should be able to use the terms; vulva, vagina, penis and testicles. It is vitally important that children should understand and be able to use the correct vocabulary in order to report concerns or abuse, and for us to safeguard children in line with our Safeguarding and Child Protection policies.

The SCARF vocabulary builder document outlines the terminology for the Growing and Changing units that should be used within each year group, as part of the spiral curriculum.

Vocab	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
	Change, grow, bigger,	Change, grow, size, height,	Change, unique, genitals,
	taller, life cycles, egg, seed,	surprise, secret, privates,	penis, testicles, vulva,
	baby, child, teenager,	penis, vulva, hygiene,	nipples, private parts,
	adult, tummy, womb,	private places	sperm, eggs, ovaries,
	pregnancy, egg, sperm		womb, pregnancy, private,
	adoption, private parts,		privacy, consent,

penis, vulva	, make a baby,	permission,
different fa	milies, private	uncomfortable, unsafe
places		

We believe that it is important for both staff and children to use the correct terminology to ensure their safety and meet the following objectives:

- Know that each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
- Know how to ask for advice or help for themselves or others.
- Know how to report concerns or abuse and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
- Be explicit in regards to consent, even in terms of hugs and touches.

Parents will be informed of upcoming learning that will involve the vocabulary listed above. Please see an example letter in the appendices of this policy.

We believe that Relationships Education is best delivered in partnership with parents. Therefore, this policy will be emailed out to all parents as well as made available on our website. Any questions or concerns can be emailed to the school and a response will be sent.

9- Policy Review and Development Plan

This policy will be reviewed in September 2024, by the PSHE co-ordinator and head teacher.

10- Sources of Further Information

Keeping Children Safe in Education (DfE, 2023)

Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education Statutory Guidance (DfE, 2021)

Relationships Education Teacher Guidance (Coram Life Education, 2020)

This policy should be read in conjunction with the following policies:

- Safeguarding Policy
- Child Protection Policy
- Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Policy
- DfE Keeping children safe in education (2023)



PSHE and wellbeing long-term plan based on SCARF half-termly units and related key themes (Units include lesson plans that cover all the DfE statutory requirements for Relationships Education and Health Education)

Year/Half- termly unit titles	1 Me and my Relationships	2 Valuing Difference	3 Keeping Safe	4 Rights and Respect	5 Being my Best	6 Growing and Changing
EYFS	What makes me special People close to me Getting help	Similarities and difference Celebrating difference Showing kindness	Keeping my body safe Safe secrets and touches People who help to keep us safe	Looking after things: friends, environment, money	Keeping by body <u>healthy</u> – food, exercise, sleep Growth Mindset	Cycles Life stages Girls and boys – similarities and difference
Y1	Feelings Getting help Classroom rules Special people Being a good friend	Recognising, valuing and celebrating difference Developing respect and accepting others Bullying and getting help	How our feelings can keep us safe – including online safety Safe and unsafe touches Medicine Safety Sleep	Taking care of things: Myself My money My environment	Growth Mindset Healthy eating Hygiene and health Cooperation	Getting help Becoming independent My body parts Taking care of self and others
Y2	Bullying and teasing Our school rules about bullying Being a good friend Feelings/self-regulation	Being kind and helping others Celebrating difference People who help us Listening Skills	Safe and unsafe secrets Appropriate touch Medicine safety	Cooperation Self-regulation Online safety Looking after money – saving and spending	Growth Mindset Looking after my body Hygiene and health Exercise and sleep	Life cycles Dealing with loss Being supportive Growing and changing Privacy

Petersgate PSHE Curriculum 2023-24

	Autumn 1 (7 weeks)	Autumn 2 (7 weeks)	Spring 1(7 weeks)	Spring 2 (6 weeks)	Summer 1 (6 weeks)	Summer 2 (6 weeks)		
S	All About Me	I'm Special, you're	What's safe to go onto	E-safety	Bouncing back when	Seasons		
	What Makes me	special	my body	Looking after my	things go wrong	Life stages		
	Special	Same and Different	Keeping Myself Safe	special people	Yes, I can!	Life stages		
	Me and my Special	Families	Safe indoors and	Looking after friends	Healthy eating	Where do babies		
	People	Homes	outdoors	Being helpful at	My Healthy Mind	come from?		
EYF	Who can Help Me?	I am caring	Listening to my	home	Move your body	Getting bigger		
Ш	My Feelings	Clever Never Goes	feelings	Caring for our world	A Good Night's Sleep	Me and my body		
			Keeping safe online					
			People who keep me					
			safe					
	Zones of Regulation introduced in September and sessions completed throughout Autumn and Spring terms.							
1	Why we have	Same or different?	Super sleep	Harold has a bad	I can eat a rainbow	Then and now		
	classroom rules	Unkind, tease or	Who can help?	day	Eat well	Taking care of a		
	How are you	bully?	Good or bad touches?	Around and about	Wash and brush up	baby		
	listening?	It's not fair!	Sharing pictures	the school	Catch it! Bin it! Kill	Who can help?		
Year	Thinking about	Who are our special	What could Harold	Taking care of	it!	Surprises and secrets		
6	feelings	people?	do?	something	Pass on the praise!	Keeping privates		
>	Our feelings	Special people	Harold loses Geoffrey	How should we look	Healthy me (S2)	private		
	Feelings and bodies	balloons	E-safety	after our money?				
	Good friends	Clever Never Goes		Basic first aid				
	Zones of Regulation revisited in September and sessions completed throughout Autumn and Spring terms.							
	Our ideal classroom	What makes us who	Harold's picnic	Getting on with	You can do it!	A helping hand		
	1 and 2	we are?	What should Harold	others	My day	Sam moves away		
7	Let's all be happy	How do we make	say?	When I feel like	Harold's postcard	Haven't you grown?		
<u>_</u>	Being a good friend	others feel?	I don't like that!	erupting	What does my body	My body, your body		
Year	Types of bullying Don't do that!	When someone is	Fun or not? Should I tell?	Playing games How can we look	do?	Respecting privacy Some secrets should		
>	טטור נ מט נוזמני	feeling left out An Act of kindness	Should I tell?	after the	Basic first aid	never be kept		
		Solve the problem		environment?		never be kept		
		Clever Never Goes		enva omnenti				
	Zones of Regulation introduced in September and sessions completed throughout Autumn and Spring terms.							

Learning Journey Growing and Changing Early Years

Children notice the similarities and differences between males and females.

They begin to play inclusively with their friends, regardless of their sex (if not already doing so). They think differently and more openly about what a family may look

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Children understand that animals and humans change in appearance over time. They use relevant vocabulary such as egg, seed, baby, grow, change, old, and young (and the names for young animals). They make absorbations

for young animals). They make observations and ask questions about living things.

Children are introduced to the basics of human reproduction (not sexual intercourse). They understand that a baby is made by a woman and a man, and grows inside a woman's tummy/womb. They recognise that every family is different and talk about the similarities and differences between themselves and others.

RECEPTION
Where do
babies come
from?

Children reflect on how they have changed as they have grown. They can explain the differences between babies, children, and adults, and understand that we are all unique.

RECEPTION
Getting bigger

RECEPTION

Me and my

body – girls

and boys

Children learn the names of parts of the body (including reproductive parts) using the correct vocabulary. They can explain which parts of their body are kept private and safe - and why. They know to tell or ask an appropriate adult for help if they feel

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RECEPTION Life stages -

plants, animals, humans

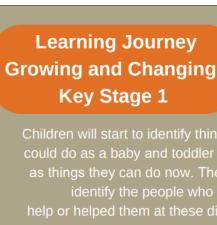
NURSERY Girls, boys and families

NURSERY When I was a baby

Children talk about how babies change as they grow, what they need and how this changes as they grow. They share their own experiences and listen to those of the others.

RECEPTION Life stages: Human life stage – who will I be?

Children use the language and describe the different life stages of: baby, child, teenager, adult, older age, and talk about their own experience of growing up.



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Children will be able to identify parts of the body that are private and ways in which they can be kept private. They can identify people that it's ok to talk to about their private parts.

Children will start to identify things they could do as a baby and toddler as well as things they can do now. They can identify the people who help or helped them at these different

Year 1 Keeping privates private

Year 2 My Body, your body

Year 1 Then and now

Year 1 **Taking care** of a baby

Year 2 Haven't you grown?

Children will recall which parts of their body are private. They will understand that genitals help make babies when we are older, and know that we mostly have the same body parts, but how they look is different from person to person.

Children will understand some of the tasks required to look after a baby, and washing, changing, and feeding.

Children can identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult) and describe some of the things that people are capable of at

Example Letter to Parents

Dear Parent/Carer,

Year 1 'Growing and Changing' Relationships and Sex Education unit

Promoting the health and well-being of our pupils is an important part of children's overall education. We do this through our Personal, Social and Health Education (PSHE) curriculum. This looks at many topics including physical and emotional health, all kinds of relationships, and living in the wider world.

In the next few weeks, our school will be focusing on part of our SCARF PSHE scheme to deliver some of the relationships and sex education (RSE) aspect of our PSHE programme to Year 1 children. It became a legal requirement in September 2020 for relationships and sex education to be taught across the school, in an age- and developmentally-appropriate way. The design of the programme has taken into account the requirements of the statutory guidance, up-to-date best practice guidance, and the needs of our children.

Your Year 1 child will be exploring themes including 'Keeping Privates Private' and 'Inside my Wonderful Body'. During these lessons, correct vocabulary will be taught and shared with your child. This includes the scientific vocabulary of penis, vulva and vagina. These scientific names are used across all years, so that children are able to express themselves clearly when talking about these body parts.

We recognise that parents and carers play a vital part in their child's RSE, and we encourage you to use this vocabulary with your child at home as well. If further advice/support is required, or you have any questions about the programme, please do not hesitate to speak to your child's class teacher or the Headteacher.

If after reading this letter you have any questions about the programme, please do not hesitate to contact the school.

Yours Sincerely